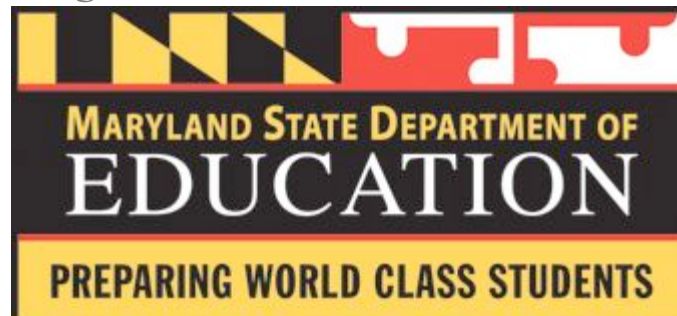


**MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK  
ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS**

*Maryland College and Career  
Ready Curriculum Framework*

□ *Reading Literature  
Grades 3 through 5*

**August 2014**



## Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework English Language Arts

In June, 2010, the Maryland State Board of Education adopted the Common Core State Standards. During the summer and fall of 2010, Maryland educators examined the Common Core State Standards and the existing State Curriculum to determine which skills and content matched the Common Core State Standards. Based on this analysis, development of the new curriculum began. These Frameworks are the result of a yearlong effort by Maryland educators to unpack the Common Core State Standards and identify the essential skills and knowledge that a student would need in order to master the grade specific standards. Since the Common Core State Standards did not include Pre-K, Maryland educators created standards and developed the essential skills and knowledge to serve these students. The Frameworks are not intended to convey the order in which the standards should be taught nor the length of time to devote to a unit of study.

### Key:

**Black print** – Common Core State Standards

**Red print** – The Essential Skills and Knowledge identified by Maryland Educators. These statements are intended to help teachers develop common understandings and valuable insights into what a student must know and be able to do to demonstrate proficiency with the standard.

**Purple print** – The Common Core State Standard was judged as an excellent match with the existing State Curriculum during the gap analysis, such as SC, 6 (read “State Curriculum, Grade 6)

**Blue Print** – Terms defined in the Glossary

The Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Frameworks in English Language Arts integrate standards from different strands. Throughout the Maryland Essential Skills and Knowledge, you will see references such as See CCSS 6 SL4 (read “See Common Core State Standards, Grade 6, Speaking & Listening, Standard 4”). The following list shows the abbreviations used when referencing standards from the ELA Common Core State Standards:

RL – Reading Literature

W - Writing

RI – Reading [Informational Text](#)

SL – Speaking and Listening

RF – Reading Foundational Skills

L – Language

The Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Frameworks also integrate standards from the Maryland School Library Media Curriculum and the Maryland Technology Literacy Standards. These standards are indicated by the abbreviations MD SLM 6-8 \_\_\_\_\_ (read “Maryland School Library Media, grades 6-8, Standard, Indicator, Objective”) and TL (read “Technology Literacy Standards” followed by Standard, Indicator, Objective).

**Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework  
English Language Arts**

**Standards for Reading Literature (RL)**

<b>Cluster: Key Ideas and Details</b>		
<b>RL1 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Read closely to determine what the <b>text</b> says explicitly and to make logical <b>inferences</b> from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the <b>text</b> .		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
<p><b>RL1</b> Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a <b>text</b>, referring explicitly to the <b>text</b> as the basis for the answers. (SC, 3)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply appropriate strategies <b>before reading, viewing, or listening to a text</b>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ preview and survey the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ access prior knowledge about the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ formulate purpose-setting questions</li> <li>◦ make predictions</li> <li>◦</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Apply appropriate strategies to monitor understanding <b>when reading, viewing, or listening to a text</b>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ reread as necessary</li> <li>◦ determine main ideas of portions of the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ periodically restate, retell, <b>paraphrase</b>, and/or <b>summarize</b> (See CCSS RL.4.2; SL.3.4-6.)</li> <li>◦ connect ideas within the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ make, confirm, and/or modify questions, <b>inferences</b>, and predictions</li> <li>◦ visualize</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Demonstrate understanding, either orally or in writing, <b>after reading, viewing, or listening to a text</b>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ determine and explain the main idea (explicit or inferred) of the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ <b>summarize the text</b> (See CCSS RL.4.2; SL.3.4-6)</li> <li>◦ identify what is directly stated in the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ draw <b>inferences</b> and conclusions from the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ confirm, refute, and/or make predictions about the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ connect prior knowledge or experience to the <b>text</b></li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>cont'd on p. 2</p>	<p><b>RL1</b> Refer to details and examples in a <b>text</b> when explaining what the <b>text</b> says explicitly and when drawing <b>inferences</b> from the <b>text</b>. (SC, 4)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply appropriate strategies <b>before reading, viewing, or listening to a text</b>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ preview and survey the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ access prior knowledge about the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ formulate purpose-setting questions</li> <li>◦ make predictions</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Apply appropriate strategies to monitor understanding <b>when reading, viewing, or listening to a text</b>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ reread as necessary</li> <li>◦ determine main ideas of portions of the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ periodically restate, retell, <b>paraphrase</b>, <b>summarize</b>, and/or <b>synthesize information</b> (See CCSS SL.4.4-6.)</li> <li>◦ connect ideas within the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ make, confirm, and/or modify questions, <b>inferences</b>, and predictions</li> <li>◦ visualize</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Demonstrate understanding, either orally or in writing, <b>after reading, viewing, or listening to a text</b>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ determine and explain main ideas (explicit or inferred) of the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ <b>summarize the text</b> (See CCSS SL.4.4-6; MD SLM 4-5 4A2.)</li> <li>◦ explain what is directly stated in the <b>text</b> by citing specific details and examples from the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ explain <b>inferences</b>, conclusions, and generalizations by citing appropriate details and examples from the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ <b>synthesize information and ideas</b></li> <li>◦ confirm, refute and/or make predictions about the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ connect prior knowledge or experience to the <b>text</b></li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>cont'd on p. 2</p>	<p><b>RL1</b> Quote accurately from a <b>text</b> when explaining what the <b>text</b> says explicitly and when drawing <b>inferences</b> from the <b>text</b>. (SC, 5)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply appropriate strategies <b>before reading, viewing, or listening to a text</b>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ preview and survey the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ access prior knowledge about the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ formulate purpose-setting questions</li> <li>◦ make predictions</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Apply appropriate strategies to monitor understanding <b>when reading, viewing, or listening to a text</b>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ reread as necessary</li> <li>◦ determine main ideas of portions of the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ periodically restate, retell, <b>paraphrase</b>, <b>summarize</b>, and/or <b>synthesize information</b> (See CCSS SL.5.4-6.)</li> <li>◦ connect ideas within the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ make, confirm, and/or modify questions, <b>inferences</b>, and predictions</li> <li>◦ visualize</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Demonstrate understanding, either orally or in writing, <b>after reading, viewing, or listening to a text</b>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ determine and explain main ideas (explicit or inferred) of the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ <b>summarize the text</b> (See CCSS SL.5.4-6; MD SLM 4A2.)</li> <li>◦ explain what is directly stated in the <b>text</b> by citing specific details and examples from the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ explain <b>inferences</b>, conclusions, and generalizations by citing appropriate details and examples from the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ <b>synthesize information and ideas</b></li> <li>◦ confirm, refute, and/or make predictions about the <b>text</b></li> <li>◦ connect prior knowledge or experience to the <b>text</b></li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>cont'd on p. 2</p>

**Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework  
English Language Arts**

**Standards for Reading Literature (RL)**

<b>Cluster: Key Ideas and Details</b>		
<b>RL1 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Read closely to determine what the <b>text</b> says explicitly and to make logical <b>inferences</b> from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the <b>text</b> .		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
<p><b>RL1</b> Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a <b>text</b>, referring explicitly to the <b>text</b> as the basis for the answers.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <p><b>cont'd from p. 1</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply a questioning <b>schema</b> to generate, either orally or in writing, <b>text-specific</b> questions at varying levels of cognitive demand.</li> <li>• Select relevant textual evidence when responding either orally or in writing to <b>text-specific</b> questions.</li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about <b>literary text</b>. (See CCSS SL.3.1-3.)</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing <b>literature</b>. (See CCSS L.3.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply appropriate academic and/or domain-specific vocabulary when responding either orally or in writing to <b>text-specific</b> questions. (See CCSS L.3.6.)</li> </ul>	<p><b>RL1</b> Refer to details and examples in a <b>text</b> when explaining what the <b>text</b> says explicitly and when drawing <b>inferences</b> from the <b>text</b>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <p><b>cont'd from p. 1</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply a questioning <b>schema</b> to generate, either orally or in writing, <b>text-specific</b> questions at varying levels of cognitive demand.</li> <li>• Select only relevant textual evidence when responding either orally or in writing to <b>text-specific</b> questions.</li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about <b>literary text</b>. (See CCSS SL.4.1-3.)</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing <b>literature</b>. (See CCSS L.4.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply appropriate academic and/or domain-specific vocabulary when responding either orally or in writing to <b>text-specific</b> questions. (See CCSS L.4.6.)</li> </ul>	<p><b>RL1</b> Quote accurately from a <b>text</b> when explaining what the <b>text</b> says explicitly and when drawing <b>inferences</b> from the <b>text</b>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <p><b>cont'd from p. 1</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply a questioning <b>schema</b> to generate, either orally or in writing, <b>text-specific</b> questions at varying levels of cognitive demand.</li> <li>• Justify the selection of textual evidence when responding either orally or in writing to <b>text-specific</b> questions.</li> <li>• Determine when best to <b>paraphrase</b> and when best to quote directly when responding either orally or in writing to <b>text-specific</b> questions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Use commas and <b>quotation marks</b> correctly when <b>punctuating direct quotations</b> in written responses to <b>text-specific</b> questions. (See CCSS L.4.2b.)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about <b>literary text</b>. (See CCSS SL.5.1-3.)</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing <b>literature</b>. (See CCSS L.5.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply appropriate academic and/or domain-specific vocabulary when responding either orally or in writing to <b>text-specific</b> questions. (See CCSS L.5.6.)</li> </ul>

**Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework  
English Language Arts**

**Standards for Reading Literature (RL)**

<b>Cluster: Key Ideas and Details</b>		
<b>RL2 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Determine central ideas or <b>themes</b> of a <b>text</b> and analyze their development; <b>summarize</b> the key supporting details and ideas.		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
<p><b>RL2</b> Recount stories, including <b>fables</b>, folktales, and myths from diverse <b>cultures</b>; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the <b>text</b>. (SC, 3)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify and distinguish among literary <b>texts</b>, including types of stories, <b>poems</b>, and plays.</li> <li>• Restate, retell, <b>paraphrase</b>, and/or <b>summarize the text</b> and/or parts of the <b>text</b> either orally or in writing. (See CCSS RL.4.2; W.4.9; SL.3.4, 6.)               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Differentiate between key and minor details and events from the beginning, middle, and end of a literary <b>text</b>. (See CCSS RI.3.2.)</li> <li>◦ Identify and explain the elements of a story (e.g., <b>character(s)</b>, <b>setting</b>, problem, solution, <b>sequence of events</b>).</li> <li>◦ Identify and explain <b>plot-based relationships</b>, including <b>sequence/chronology</b>, problem/solution, cause/effect. (See CCSS RI.3.2.)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Analyze details and events in a literary <b>text</b> to determine a message, lesson, or moral.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Differentiate between a main idea and a central message, lesson, or moral.</li> <li>◦ Connect appropriate key details to determine how the author conveys a message, lesson, or moral. (See CCSS W.3.2.)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about literary <b>text</b>. (See CCSS SL.3.1-3.)</li> </ul> <p>cont'd on p. 4</p>	<p><b>RL2</b> Determine a <b>theme</b> of a story, <b>drama</b>, or <b>poem</b> from details in the <b>text</b>; <b>summarize</b> the <b>text</b>. (SC, 4)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Summarize a literary <b>text</b> either orally or in writing. (See CCSS RI.4.2; W.4.9; SL.4.4, 6.)               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Determine the key events from the beginning, middle, and end of the <b>text</b>. (See CCSS RI.4.2.)</li> <li>◦ Analyze <b>narrative elements of the text</b>, including <b>character(s)</b>, <b>setting</b>, and <b>plot</b>.</li> <li>◦ Identify and explain <b>plot-based relationships</b>, including <b>sequence/chronology</b>, problem/solution, cause/effect.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Analyze details about <b>characters</b>, <b>setting</b>, and <b>plot</b> in a literary <b>text</b> to infer a <b>theme</b>.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Differentiate between a topic and a <b>theme</b>.</li> <li>◦ Differentiate between a literary <b>theme</b> and a message, lesson, or moral.</li> <li>◦ Connect key details in a literary <b>text</b> to explain how the author, poet, or playwright conveys a <b>theme</b>.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about literary <b>text</b>. (See CCSS SL.4.1-3.)</li> </ul> <p>cont'd on p. 4</p>	<p><b>RL2</b> Determine a <b>theme</b> of a story, <b>drama</b>, or <b>poem</b> from details in the <b>text</b>, including how <b>characters</b> in a story or <b>drama</b> respond to challenges or how the speaker in a <b>poem</b> reflects upon a topic; <b>summarize</b> the <b>text</b>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Summarize a literary <b>text</b> either orally or in writing, including key events from the beginning, middle, and end of the <b>text</b>. (See CCSS W.5.9; SL.5.4, 6.)</li> <li>• Analyze details about <b>characters</b>, <b>setting</b>, and <b>plot</b> in a literary <b>text</b> to infer a <b>theme</b>.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Analyze the key details and events in a <b>poem</b> as they relate to the speaker's perspective about a topic or idea in the <b>poem</b>.</li> <li>◦ Analyze the conflicts encountered by the <b>characters</b> in a literary <b>text</b>, including how <b>characters</b> respond to those conflicts.</li> <li>◦ Analyze the development of the <b>plot</b>, including exposition, rising action, climax, falling action, denouement, as well as subplots.</li> <li>◦ Connect key details in a literary <b>text</b> to explain how the author, poet, or playwright conveys a <b>theme</b>.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about literary <b>text</b>. (See CCSS SL.5.1-3.)</li> </ul> <p>cont'd on p. 4</p>

**Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework  
English Language Arts**

**Standards for Reading Literature (RL)**

<b>Cluster: Key Ideas and Details</b>		
<b>RL2 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Determine central ideas or <b>themes</b> of a <b>text</b> and analyze their development; <b>summarize</b> the key supporting details and ideas.		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
<p><b>RL2</b> Recount stories, including <b>fables</b>, folktales, and myths from diverse <b>cultures</b>; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the <b>text</b>. (SC, 3) <b>cont'd from p. 3</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.3.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS W.4.9; L.3.6.)</li> </ul>	<p><b>RL2</b> Determine a <b>theme</b> of a story, <b>drama</b>, or <b>poem</b> from details in the <b>text</b>; <b>summarize</b> the <b>text</b>. (SC, 4) <b>cont'd from p. 3</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.4.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS 4 W.4.9; L.4.6.)</li> </ul>	<p><b>RL2</b> Determine a <b>theme</b> of a story, <b>drama</b>, or <b>poem</b> from details in the <b>text</b>, including how <b>characters</b> in a story or <b>drama</b> respond to challenges or how the speaker in a <b>poem</b> reflects upon a topic; <b>summarize</b> the <b>text</b>. <b>cont'd from p. 3</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.5.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS 5 W.5.9; L.5.6.)</li> </ul>

**Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework  
English Language Arts**

**Standards for Reading Literature (RL)**

<b>Cluster: Key Ideas and Details</b>		
<b>RL3 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of <i>text</i> .		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
<p><b>RL3</b> Describe <i>characters</i> in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the <i>sequence</i> of events. (SC, 3)</p>	<p><b>RL3</b> Describe in depth a <i>character</i>, <i>setting</i>, or event in a story or <i>drama</i>, drawing on specific details in the <i>text</i> (e.g., a <i>character's</i> thoughts, words, or actions). (SC, 4)</p>	<p><b>RL3</b> <i>Compare and contrast</i> two or more <i>characters</i>, <i>settings</i>, or events in a story or <i>drama</i>, drawing on specific details in the <i>text</i> (e.g., how <i>characters</i> interact). (SC, 5)</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Draw conclusions and make <i>inferences</i> about <i>characters</i>, referring to the <i>text</i> for support.</li> <li>• Connect the actions of the <i>characters</i> to the development of the <i>plot</i> by identifying and explaining cause/effect relationships.</li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about <i>literary text</i>. (See CCSS SL.3.1-3.)</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.3.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS W.4.9; L.3.6.)</li> </ul>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Analyze the traits of a specific <i>character</i>, including his or her behavior, thoughts, words, and interactions with other <i>characters</i>, as well as the reactions of other <i>characters</i>.</li> <li>• Analyze the <i>setting</i> or an aspect of the <i>setting</i> (e.g. time, place, historical backdrop, and determine its contribution to the <i>mood</i> and/or the <i>plot</i>.)</li> <li>• Analyze a specific event and determine its relationship to other story elements (e.g., <i>setting</i>, <i>characters</i>, <i>mood</i>.)</li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about <i>literary text</i>. (See CCSS SL.4.1-3.)</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.4.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS W.4.9; L.4.6.)</li> </ul>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Analyze similarities and differences among traits of specific <i>characters</i>, focusing on how they affect the <i>plot</i>.</li> <li>• Analyze similarities and differences among different <i>settings</i>, focusing on how they affect the <i>mood</i> and the <i>plot</i>.</li> <li>• Analyze similarities and differences among different events, focusing on how they affect the <i>characters</i>, <i>mood</i>, and <i>plot</i>.</li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about <i>literary text</i>. (See CCSS SL.5.1-3.)</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.5.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS W.5.9; L.5.6.)</li> </ul>

**Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework  
English Language Arts**

**Standards for Reading Literature (RL)**

<b>Cluster: Craft and Structure</b>		
<b>RL4 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a <b>text</b> , including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or <b>tone</b> .		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
<p><b>RL4</b> Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a <b>text</b>, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language. (SC, 3)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. (CCSS L.3.4a)</li> <li>• Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., <i>agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat</i>). (CCSS L.3.4b)</li> <li>• Use a known <b>root word</b> as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., <i>company, companion</i>). (CCSS L.3.4c)</li> <li>• Distinguish the <b>literal</b> and <b>nonliteral meanings</b> of words and phrases in context (e.g., <i>take steps</i>). (See CCSS L.3.5a.)</li> <li>• Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe people who are <i>friendly</i> or <i>helpful</i>). (CCSS L.3.5b)</li> <li>• Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., <i>knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered</i>). (CCSS L.3.5c.)</li> <li>• Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and <b>digital</b>, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases <b>in context</b>. (CCSS L.3.4d)</li> </ul>	<p><b>RL4</b> Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a <b>text</b>, including those that allude to significant <b>characters</b> found in <b>mythology</b> (e.g., Hercules).</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in <b>text</b>) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. (CCSS L.4.4a)</li> <li>• Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>telegraph, photograph, autograph</i>). (CCSS L.4.4b)</li> <li>• Explain the meaning of <b>figurative language, including simple similes and metaphors</b> (e.g., as <i>pretty as a picture</i>) in context. (CCSS L.4.5a.)</li> <li>• Recognize and explain the meaning of common <b>idioms, adages, and proverbs</b>. (CCSS L.4.5b.)</li> <li>• <b>Differentiate between denotation and connotation.</b></li> <li>• Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (<b>synonyms</b>). (CCSS L.4.5c.)</li> <li>• Apply an understanding of the term <i>allusion</i> by identifying and explaining mythological allusions found in literature in the grades 4–5 <b>text complexity</b> band. (See CCSS RL.4. 10.)</li> <li>• <b>Analyze how word choice affects meaning.</b></li> <li>• Consult <b>reference materials</b> (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and <b>digital</b>, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases <b>in context</b>. (CCSS L.4.4c)</li> </ul>	<p><b>RL4</b> Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a <b>text</b>, including figurative language such as <b>metaphors</b> and <b>similes</b>. (SC, 5)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisons in <b>text</b>) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. (CCSS L.5.4a)</li> <li>• Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>photograph, photosynthesis</i>). (CCSS L.5.4b)</li> <li>• Interpret figurative language, including <b>similes and metaphors</b>, in context. (CCSS L.5.5a)</li> <li>• Recognize and explain the meaning of common <b>idioms, adages, and proverbs</b>. (CCSS L.5.5b.)</li> <li>• <b>Explain the difference between the denotation and the connotation of a specific word.</b></li> <li>• Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., <b>synonyms, antonyms, homographs</b>) to better understand each of the words. (CCSS L.5.5c.)</li> <li>• Interpret literary and mythological allusions found in literature in the grades 4-5 <b>text complexity</b> band. (See CCSS RL.5.10.)</li> <li>• <b>Analyze how word choice affects meaning.</b></li> <li>• Consult <b>reference materials</b> (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and <b>digital</b>, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases <b>in context</b>. (CCSS L.5.4c)</li> </ul>



**Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework  
English Language Arts**

**Standards for Reading Literature (RL)**

<b>Cluster: Craft and Structure</b>		
<b>RL5 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Analyze the structure of <b>texts</b> , including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the <b>text</b> (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
<p><b>RL5</b> Refer to parts of stories, <b>dramas</b>, and <b>poems</b> when writing or speaking about a <b>text</b>, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.</p>	<p><b>RL5</b> Explain major differences between <b>poems</b>, <b>drama</b>, and prose, and refer to the structural elements of <b>poems</b> (e.g., verse, rhythm, meter) and <b>drama</b> (e.g., casts of <b>characters</b>, <b>settings</b>, descriptions, <b>dialogue</b>, stage directions) when writing or speaking about a <b>text</b>.</p>	<p><b>RL5</b> Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, <b>drama</b>, or <b>poem</b>.</p>
<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>	<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>	<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when writing or speaking about the structure of a specific type of literary <b>text</b> (e.g., chapter, scene, stanza). (See CCSS W.4.9; L.3.6.)</li> <li>• Explain the relationship between events in different parts of a literary <b>text</b> (e.g., cause/effect, problem/solution).</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.3.1-2.)</li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about literary <b>text</b>. (See CCSS SL.3.1-3.)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when writing or speaking about a literary genre and its specific structure (e.g., chapter, scene, stanza). (See CCSS W.4.9; L.4.6.)</li> <li>• Analyze the details and events in structural elements of a literary <b>text</b> (e.g., chapters, scenes, stanzas, of stories, <b>dramas</b>, and <b>poems</b>).</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.4.1-2.)</li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about literary <b>text</b>. (See CCSS SL.4.1-3.)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when writing or speaking about literary genres and their structure (e.g., chapter, scene, stanza). (See CCSS W.5.9; L.5.6.)</li> <li>• Analyze the details and events in structural elements of a literary <b>text</b> (e.g., chapters, scenes, stanzas, of stories, <b>dramas</b>, and <b>poems</b>).</li> <li>• Draw conclusions about the relationships between and among structural elements (e.g., <b>foreshadowing</b>, <b>flashback</b>, motifs carried over from one section of a <b>text</b> to another).</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.5.1-2.)</li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about literary <b>text</b>. (See CCSS SL.5.1-3.)</li> </ul>

**Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework  
English Language Arts**

**Standards for Reading Literature (RL)**

<b>Cluster: Craft and Structure</b>		
<b>RL6 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Assess how <b>point of view</b> or purpose shapes the content and <b>style</b> of a <b>text</b> .		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
<p><b>RL6</b> Distinguish their own <b>point of view</b> from that of the <b>narrator</b> or those of the <b>characters</b>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Analyze the <b>narrator as a character</b> (e.g., the <b>narrator's</b> feelings about the <b>characters, setting, events</b>).</li> <li>• Analyze <b>characters</b> and distinguish them from the <b>narrator</b>.</li> </ul>	<p><b>RL6</b> Compare and contrast the <b>point of view</b> from which different stories are narrated, including the difference between first- and third-person narrations.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply an understanding of <b>point of view as a literary term</b>.</li> <li>• Analyze word choice to determine the <b>point of view of a literary text</b>, (e.g., 1<sup>st</sup> person, 3<sup>rd</sup> person narration).</li> <li>• Describe the <b>narrator's relationship to the characters</b>.</li> <li>• Compare and contrast a <b>1<sup>st</sup> person narrative</b> with a <b>3<sup>rd</sup> person narrative</b>.</li> </ul>	<p><b>RL6</b> Describe how a <b>narrator's</b> or speaker's <b>point of view</b> influences how events are described.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Analyze word choice to determine the <b>point of view of a literary text</b>, including the way in which the <b>narrator</b> tells the story (e.g., in an amusing way, in a serious way, etc.).</li> <li>• Explain the effect of the <b>narrator's</b> or the <b>speaker's point of view</b> on other elements of the <b>text</b> (e.g., events, characters, etc.).</li> </ul>

**Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework  
English Language Arts**

**Standards for Reading Literature (RL)**

<b>Cluster: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>		
<b>RL7 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.*		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
<p><b>RL7</b> Explain how specific aspects of a <b>text</b>'s illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., create <b>mood</b>, emphasize aspects of a <b>character</b> or <b>setting</b>). (SC, 3)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Demonstrate the behaviors of a strategic reader by applying before, during, and after strategies to the non-print aspects of a literary <b>text</b>.</li> <li>• Apply an understanding of the relationship between <b>text features</b>, specifically illustrations, and the <b>characters, setting, and mood</b> of a story.</li> <li>• Support <b>inferences</b> about the relationship between <b>text features</b> with relevant textual evidence.</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.3.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS W.4.9; L.3.6.)</li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about <b>literary text</b>. (See CCSS SL.3.1-3.)</li> </ul>	<p><b>RL7</b> Make connections between the <b>text</b> of a story or <b>drama</b> and a visual or oral presentation of the <b>text</b>, identifying where each version reflects specific descriptions and directions in the <b>text</b>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Demonstrate the behaviors of a <b>strategic listener</b> or viewer by applying before, during, and after strategies.</li> <li>• Compare and contrast a visual or oral presentation of a <b>text</b> (e.g., a film, live performance, etc.) to its print version, noting specific instances of similarity and/or difference. (See MD SLM 4-5 6B.)</li> <li>• Support <b>inferences</b> and conclusions with relevant <b>textual evidence</b>.</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.4.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS W.4.9; L.4.6.)</li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about <b>literary text</b>. (See CCSS SL.4.1-3.)</li> </ul>	<p><b>RL7</b> Analyze how visual and <b>multimedia</b> elements contribute to the meaning, <b>tone</b>, or beauty of a <b>text</b> (e.g., graphic novel, <b>multimedia</b> presentation of <b>fiction</b>, folktale, myth, <b>poem</b>).</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Demonstrate the behaviors of a <b>strategic listener</b> or viewer by applying before, during, and after strategies.</li> <li>• Determine the specific elements of visual and <b>multimedia texts</b> (e.g., color, sound, layout, etc.).</li> <li>• Differentiate <b>tone</b> from <b>mood</b>.</li> <li>• Analyze the effect of the elements of visual and <b>multimedia texts</b> (e.g., use of color, sound, movement, gestures, etc.) on meaning, <b>tone</b>, or beauty. (See MD SLM 4-5 6B.)</li> <li>• Support <b>inferences</b> and conclusions with relevant <b>textual evidence</b>.</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.5.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS W.5.9; L.5.6.)</li> <li>• Participate actively and appropriately in discussions about <b>literary text</b>. (See CCSS 4 SL.4.1-3.)</li> </ul>

\***CCSS Note:** Please see “Research to Build and Present Knowledge” in Writing and “Comprehension and Collaboration” in Speaking and Listening for additional standards relevant to gathering, assessing, and applying information from print and digital sources.

**Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework  
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**Standards for Reading Literature (RL)**

<b>Cluster: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>		
<b>RL8 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Delineate and evaluate the <b>argument</b> and specific <b>claims</b> in a <b>text</b> , including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
RL8 (Not applicable to literature)	RL8 (Not applicable to literature)	RL8 (Not applicable to literature)
<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>	<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>	<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>
N/A	N/A	N/A

<b>Cluster: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>		
<b>RL9 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Analyze how two or more <b>texts</b> address similar <b>themes</b> or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
<b>RL9 Compare and contrast</b> the <b>themes</b> , <b>settings</b> , and <b>plots</b> of stories written by the same author about the same or similar <b>characters</b> (e.g., in books from a series).	<b>RL9 Compare and contrast</b> the treatment of similar <b>themes</b> and topics (e.g., opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different <b>cultures</b> .	<b>RL9 Compare and contrast</b> stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar <b>themes</b> and topics.
<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>	<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>	<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply skills from CCSS RL.3. 1-7 to compare and contrast the <b>themes</b>, <b>settings</b>, and <b>plots</b> of stories written by the same author about the same or similar <b>characters</b> (e.g., in books from a series).</li> <li>• Support <b>inferences</b> about the relationship between <b>text features</b> with relevant textual evidence.</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.3.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS W.4.9; L.3.6.)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Determine patterns in topics, themes, and events in various works of literature.</li> <li>• Apply skills from CCSS RL.4.1-7 to compare and contrast the treatment of similar <b>themes</b> and topics (e.g., opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different <b>cultures</b>.</li> <li>• Support <b>inferences</b> about the relationship between <b>text features</b> with relevant textual evidence.</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.4.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS W.4.9; L.4.6.)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply skills from CCSS RL.5. 1-7 to compare and contrast stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar <b>themes</b> and topics.</li> <li>• Support <b>inferences</b> about the relationship between <b>text features</b> with relevant textual evidence.</li> <li>• Apply knowledge of standard English when writing about or discussing literature. (See CCSS L.5.1-2.)</li> <li>• Apply academic and domain-specific vocabulary when discussing or writing about literature. (See CCSS W.5.9; L.5.6.)</li> </ul>

**Maryland College and Career Ready Curriculum Framework  
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**Standards for Reading Literature (RL)**

<b>Cluster: Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity</b>		
<b>RL10 CCR Anchor Standard</b>		
Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.		
<b>Grade 3 students:</b>	<b>Grade 4 students:</b>	<b>Grade 5 students:</b>
<p><b>RL10</b> By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, <b>dramas</b>, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 2–3 <b>text complexity</b> band independently and proficiently.</p>	<p><b>RL10</b> By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, <b>dramas</b>, and poetry, in the grades 4–5 <b>text complexity</b> band proficiently, with <b>scaffolding</b> as needed at the high end of the range.</p>	<p><b>RL10</b> By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, <b>dramas</b>, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 4-5 <b>text complexity</b> band independently and proficiently.</p>
<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>	<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>	<b>Essential Skills and Knowledge</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Demonstrate understanding of a wide variety of sufficiently complex literary texts</b> representing diverse <b>cultures, perspectives, ethnicities, and time periods.</b> (See MD SLM 2-3 6.0.)</li> <li>• <b>Demonstrate understanding of assigned literary texts of steadily increasing complexity.</b></li> <li>• <b>Use self-selected literary texts to explore personal interests and learn about themselves as readers.</b> (See MD SLM 2-3 6.0.)</li> <li>• <b>Set personal goals and conference regularly with adults to improve reading.</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>With scaffolding as needed, demonstrate understanding of a wide variety of sufficiently complex literary texts</b> representing diverse <b>cultures, perspectives, ethnicities, and time periods.</b> (See MD SLM 4-5 6.0.)</li> <li>• <b>Demonstrate understanding of assigned literary texts of steadily increasing complexity.</b></li> <li>• <b>Use self-selected literary texts both to explore personal interests and challenge themselves as readers.</b> (See MD SLM 4-5 6.0.)</li> <li>• <b>Set personal goals and conference regularly with adults to improve reading.</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Demonstrate understanding of a wide variety of sufficiently complex literary texts</b> representing diverse <b>cultures, perspectives, ethnicities, and time periods.</b> (See MD SLM 4-5 6.0.)</li> <li>• <b>Demonstrate understanding of assigned literary texts of steadily increasing complexity.</b></li> <li>• <b>Use self-selected literary texts both to explore personal interests and challenge themselves as readers.</b> (See MD SLM 4-5 6.0.)</li> <li>• <b>Set personal goals and conference regularly with adults to improve reading.</b></li> </ul>